Obliczenie azymutu i długości ze współrzędnych

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| L.p. | Oznaczenia punktów: *B**A* | *XB* | *YB* | tg *ϕ*= | cos *ϕ* | Kontrola |
| Δ*x*+Δ*y* | *ψ* |
| *XA* | *YA* | Czwartak *ϕ* | sin *ϕ* | Δ*x*–Δ*y* | *A*+45° (50g)° |
| Oznaczeniezwrotuboku: *A*→*B* | Δ*xAB = XB – XA* | Δ*yAB = YB – YA* | **Azymut*AAB*** | **Odległość** |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| *1* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| *2* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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